

## Chlorido(5-formyl-2-hydroxyphenyl- $\kappa C^1$ )mercury(II)

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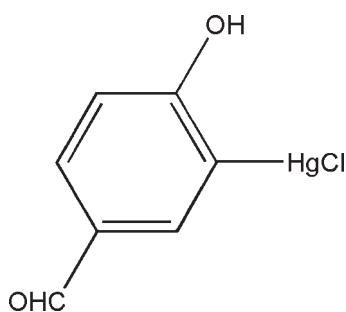
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 295\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.020\text{ \AA}$ ;  
 $R$  factor = 0.039;  $wR$  factor = 0.103; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.1.

In the planar (r.m.s. deviation = 0.027 Å) title compound,  $[\text{Hg}(\text{C}_7\text{H}_5\text{O}_2)\text{Cl}]$ , the  $\text{Hg}^{II}$  atom shows a typical linear coordination by a C atom of the benzene ring and a Cl atom. Intermolecular O—H···O hydrogen bonds are present in the crystal structure, resulting in chains propagating along the  $b$  axis. The crystal studied was a non-merohedral twin, with a twin ratio of 0.802 (2):0.198 (2).

### Related literature

For general background to the use of cyclometallated compounds in synthesis, catalysis and materials, see: Gruter *et al.* (1995); Dupont *et al.* (2005). For related structures and the synthesis of related cyclomercurated compounds, see: Xu *et al.* (2009). For the preparation of cyclomercurated compounds, see: Ryabov *et al.* (2003); Wu *et al.* (2001).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$[\text{Hg}(\text{C}_7\text{H}_5\text{O}_2)\text{Cl}]$   
 $M_r = 357.15$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 4.1004 (10)\text{ \AA}$

$b = 14.842 (3)\text{ \AA}$   
 $c = 14.116 (3)\text{ \AA}$   
 $\beta = 106.657 (6)^\circ$   
 $V = 823.0 (3)\text{ \AA}^3$   
 $Z = 4$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 18.97\text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 295\text{ K}$   
 $0.20 \times 0.18 \times 0.16\text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD  
diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)  
 $R_{\min} = 0.116$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.151$

4116 measured reflections  
1424 independent reflections  
1333 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.039$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.103$   
 $S = 1.09$   
1424 reflections

101 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 2.05\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.73\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
Selected geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

Hg1—C3	2.058 (13)	Hg1—Cl1	2.326 (4)
C3—Hg1—Cl1	179.1 (4)		

**Table 2**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
O2—H2···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.82	1.91	2.727 (16)	172

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$

Data collection: *SMART* (Siemens, 1996); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Siemens, 1996); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB5153).

### References

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## **supplementary materials**

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, m1448 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809043529]

## Chlorido(5-formyl-2-hydroxyphenyl- $\kappa C^1$ )mercury(II)

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### Comment

Cyclometallated compounds have attracted much research interest owing to their utility in synthesis, catalysis and materials (Gruter *et al.*, 1995; Dupont *et al.*, 2005). Among them, cyclomericcurated compounds are easy to prepare through a C–H activation process and are stable but reasonably reactive (Wu *et al.*, 2001; Ryabov *et al.*, 2003).

In the planar title compound (Fig. 1), the mercury(II) atom shows a typical linear coordination geometry with a carbon atom of the benzene ring and the chloride atom in *trans* position. O2–Hg1 distance (3.047 (2) Å) is much longer than those of the related Hg(II) complex (Xu *et al.*, 2009). The C–Hg and Hg–Cl bond distances are within normal ranges. The C3–Hg1–Cl1 angle is 179.1 (4) °. Intermolecular O—H···O hydrogen bonds are present in the crystal structure (Table 1), resulting in a one-dimensional supramolecular architecture (Fig. 2).

### Experimental

The title compound was prepared from the *p*-hydroxybenzaldehyde with Hg(OAc)<sub>2</sub> and subsequent treatment with LiCl and recrystallized from dichloromethane–petroleum ether solution at room temperature to give (I) as colorless crystals suitable for single-crystal X-ray diffraction.

### Refinement

All H atoms were placed in geometrically idealized positions, with C–H = 0.93–0.96 Å, O–H = 0.82–0.85 Å and N–H = 0.86 Å.  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{N})$ , and  $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$ .

The structure is a non-merohedral twin. The twin law, as given by PLATON (Spek, 2009), is (-1 0 0, 0 - 1 0, 2 0 1), which lowered the R1 index from 0.116 to 0.039.

### Figures

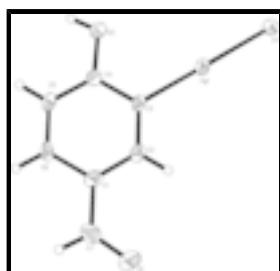


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of (I), with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level.

## supplementary materials

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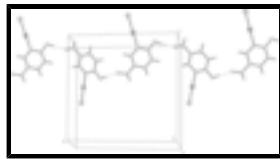


Fig. 2. Partial view of the crystal packing showing the formation of the one-dimensional chain structure formed by the intermolecular O—H···O hydrogen bonds.

### **Chlorido(5-formyl-2-hydroxyphenyl- $\kappa$ C<sup>1</sup>)mercury(II)**

#### *Crystal data*

[Hg(C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub> Cl)]	$F_{000} = 640$
$M_r = 357.15$	$D_x = 2.882 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Cell parameters from 2640 reflections
$a = 4.1004 (10) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.7\text{--}29.5^\circ$
$b = 14.842 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 18.97 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 14.116 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 295 \text{ K}$
$\beta = 106.657 (6)^\circ$	Block, colorless
$V = 823.0 (3) \text{ \AA}^3$	$0.20 \times 0.18 \times 0.16 \text{ mm}$
$Z = 4$	

#### *Data collection*

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer	1424 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1333 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.039$
$T = 295 \text{ K}$	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.1^\circ$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 1.4^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)	$h = -4 \rightarrow 4$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.116$ , $T_{\text{max}} = 0.151$	$k = -12 \rightarrow 17$
4116 measured reflections	$l = -16 \rightarrow 15$

#### *Refinement*

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.103$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0429P)^2 + 12.0653P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$S = 1.09$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
1424 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 2.05 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
101 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -1.73 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: none

## Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

## Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Hg1	0.32843 (16)	0.87897 (3)	0.53385 (4)	0.0345 (2)
Cl1	0.5374 (10)	0.9140 (2)	0.4016 (3)	0.0405 (8)
O1	0.093 (5)	1.0269 (8)	0.8767 (9)	0.076 (4)
O2	0.069 (4)	0.6993 (7)	0.5877 (8)	0.055 (3)
H2	0.0023	0.6493	0.5982	0.083*
C1	0.031 (5)	0.8833 (8)	0.8033 (11)	0.038 (3)
C2	0.131 (4)	0.9074 (9)	0.7223 (10)	0.033 (3)
H2A	0.1898	0.9671	0.7153	0.040*
C3	0.148 (4)	0.8460 (9)	0.6511 (9)	0.029 (3)
C4	0.052 (4)	0.7564 (10)	0.6613 (10)	0.036 (3)
C5	-0.063 (5)	0.7317 (9)	0.7410 (11)	0.042 (3)
H5	-0.1288	0.6724	0.7467	0.051*
C6	-0.081 (4)	0.7932 (10)	0.8110 (10)	0.039 (4)
H6	-0.1642	0.7766	0.8631	0.047*
C7	-0.007 (6)	0.9495 (12)	0.8760 (11)	0.059 (5)
H7	-0.1119	0.9319	0.9235	0.070*

## Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Hg1	0.0437 (3)	0.0258 (3)	0.0364 (3)	-0.0009 (2)	0.0153 (3)	0.0038 (2)
Cl1	0.050 (2)	0.0390 (18)	0.0357 (17)	-0.0049 (17)	0.0181 (16)	-0.0012 (15)
O1	0.133 (14)	0.035 (6)	0.067 (8)	-0.005 (8)	0.040 (9)	-0.009 (6)
O2	0.099 (11)	0.028 (5)	0.047 (6)	-0.014 (6)	0.033 (7)	-0.007 (5)
C1	0.050 (10)	0.022 (7)	0.043 (8)	0.011 (6)	0.015 (7)	0.002 (5)
C2	0.036 (8)	0.021 (6)	0.044 (8)	0.008 (6)	0.013 (6)	0.008 (6)
C3	0.032 (7)	0.021 (6)	0.030 (7)	0.002 (6)	0.003 (5)	0.007 (5)
C4	0.042 (8)	0.030 (7)	0.029 (7)	-0.003 (6)	0.002 (6)	0.003 (6)
C5	0.061 (10)	0.021 (6)	0.047 (8)	-0.005 (7)	0.020 (8)	0.008 (6)
C6	0.052 (9)	0.034 (8)	0.034 (7)	-0.005 (7)	0.014 (7)	0.016 (6)
C7	0.096 (15)	0.048 (10)	0.038 (9)	0.017 (10)	0.027 (10)	0.009 (7)

## supplementary materials

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### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

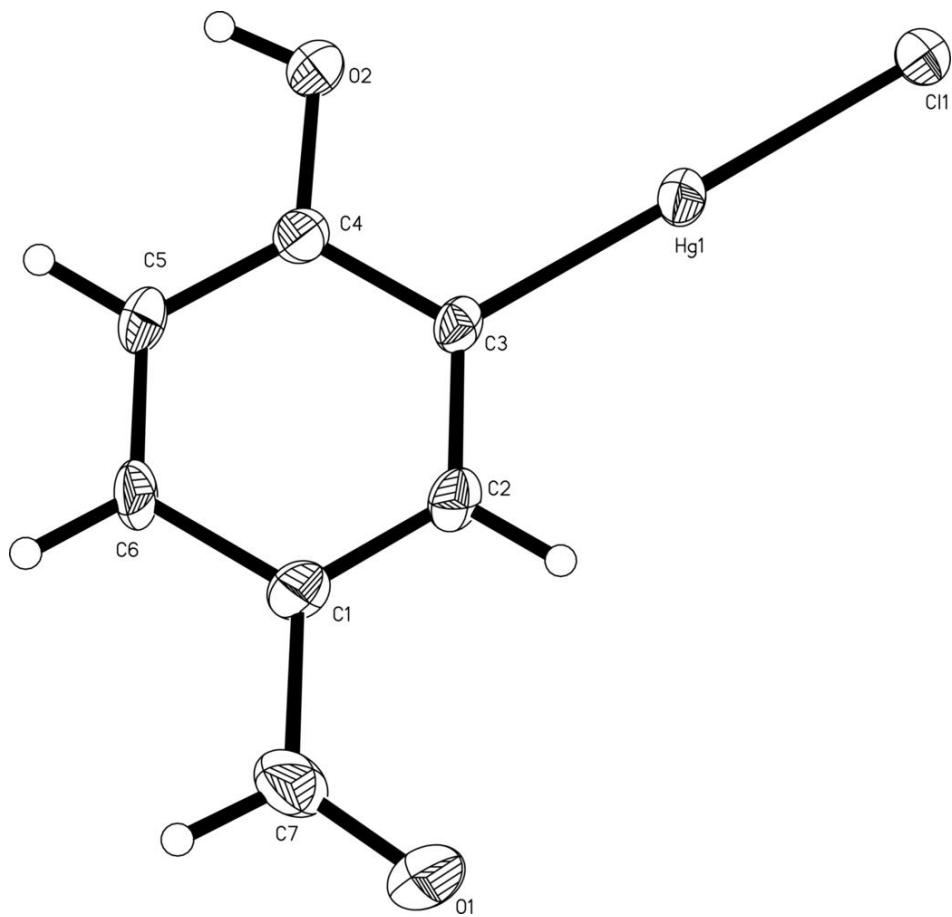
Hg1—C3	2.058 (13)	C2—C3	1.37 (2)
Hg1—Cl1	2.326 (4)	C2—H2A	0.9300
O1—C7	1.22 (2)	C3—C4	1.405 (19)
O2—C4	1.357 (17)	C4—C5	1.39 (2)
O2—H2	0.8193	C5—C6	1.36 (2)
C1—C2	1.37 (2)	C5—H5	0.9300
C1—C6	1.428 (19)	C6—H6	0.9300
C1—C7	1.46 (2)	C7—H7	0.9300
C3—Hg1—Cl1	179.1 (4)	O2—C4—C3	115.9 (13)
C4—O2—H2	109.5	C5—C4—C3	120.1 (13)
C2—C1—C6	119.2 (13)	C6—C5—C4	120.8 (13)
C2—C1—C7	121.9 (13)	C6—C5—H5	119.6
C6—C1—C7	118.4 (15)	C4—C5—H5	119.6
C1—C2—C3	121.8 (13)	C5—C6—C1	119.2 (13)
C1—C2—H2A	119.1	C5—C6—H6	120.4
C3—C2—H2A	119.1	C1—C6—H6	120.4
C2—C3—C4	118.7 (13)	O1—C7—C1	122.3 (17)
C2—C3—Hg1	122.4 (10)	O1—C7—H7	118.8
C4—C3—Hg1	118.8 (10)	C1—C7—H7	118.8
O2—C4—C5	123.9 (13)		
C6—C1—C2—C3	-4(2)	O2—C4—C5—C6	-178.4 (16)
C7—C1—C2—C3	-176.1 (16)	C3—C4—C5—C6	-1(2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	1(2)	C4—C5—C6—C1	-2(3)
C1—C2—C3—Hg1	-175.8 (12)	C2—C1—C6—C5	4(2)
C2—C3—C4—O2	179.0 (14)	C7—C1—C6—C5	176.7 (16)
Hg1—C3—C4—O2	-3.9 (18)	C2—C1—C7—O1	-11 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	1(2)	C6—C1—C7—O1	177.2 (19)
Hg1—C3—C4—C5	178.5 (12)		

### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

$D—\text{H}\cdots A$	$D—\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D—\text{H}\cdots A$
O2—H2—O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.82	1.91	2.727 (16)	172

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, y-1/2, -z+3/2$ .

Fig. 1



## **supplementary materials**

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**Fig. 2**

